

**Демонстрационный вариант внутреннего вступительного испытания
для поступающих на базе среднего профессионального образования
по предмету
«ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК В ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНОЙ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ»
(АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК)**

А. ЧТЕНИЕ

Задание 1

Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между заголовками 1–8 и текстами А1-А7. Запишите свои ответы в бланк ответа. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

- A1** The smart fridge will be connected to the Internet as part of a home network that runs your domestic life, interacting with the barcodes on your food, and re-ordering them on-line as you use them. Virtually all domestic appliances will be linked by computer, so that the fridge can communicate with the cooker and rubbish bin, coordinating complex tasks such as cooking a meal.
- A2** Children of the future will never be able to complain that there's no one to play with/ Equipped with virtual reality headsets, they will be taking part in global games, for example, in medieval jousting tournaments. Their opponents, selected by the computer, will probably live on the other side of the world.
- A3** Cars of the future will take much of the strain out of driving. The intelligent navigation system will be able to choose the best route for you by monitoring an online traffic database for hold-ups, while the cruise control keeps a constant distance from the car in front. And if you exceed the speed limit, the speedometer will give a polite warning to you.
- A4** Holographic conferencing and virtual reality meetings will allow people to interact with colleagues and clients via computer, without needing to leave the comfort of their own homes. This will also mean that a lot more people will either work freelance from home, or on flexible short-term contracts. The old concept "jobs for life" will be a thing of the past.
- A5** In the future it will become harder to tell the difference between the human and the machine. All body parts will be replaceable. A computer will function like the human brain with the ability to recognize feelings and respond in a feeling way. We will then be able to create a machine duplicate of ourselves and transfer our spirit so we will be able to live for as long as we want.
- A6** There will be great changes to the environment particularly because of the rising sea levels. Global warming is expected to cause oceans to rise by one meter, which will increase the risk of flooding. It will happen regardless of any future actions to curb greenhouse gases. Projected climate change will also tend to degrade water quality through higher water temperatures.

A7 We will not rely so much on cash as we do now. It will mainly be digital money, the inevitable medium of exchange for an increasingly wired world. We will no longer need to carry a wad of bills or fumble for exact change. Supermarkets will have iris recognition systems so the money for our groceries will automatically be transferred from our bank accounts as we're standing at the checkout.

1. Behind the Wheel
2. Pessimistic Predictions
3. Intelligent House
4. New Possibilities for Business
5. Permanent People
6. Greenhouse Effect
7. Easy Shopping
8. Future Entertainment

Задание 2

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A8–A15 соответствуют содержанию текста (1 – True), какие не соответствуют (2 – False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 – Not stated).

The first stamp

Great Britain was the first country in the world to issue a postage stamp. It was in 1840. Before stamps were invented, the person who received the letter had to pay for it. The postal cost was very expensive. To calculate the cost, the postal service calculated the distance the letter had travelled. The route was also important. People were unhappy with the postal service and asked to improve the situation.

The changes in Britain's national mail service started when an Englishman called Rowland Hill came up with the idea of pre-paying for letters with "postage stamps". He considered that it was fairer to make the sender pay for the letters.

There is a legend about how Rowland Hill thought up his invention. One morning, on his way to work he met a very sad young lady. She had just refused to take the letter from the postman. Rowland Hill felt that this letter was a message from the girl's dear friend. He thought that she could not read the letter because she did not have the money to pay for its delivery.

He came up to the lady and the postman, paid the postal fee and handed the letter to the girl. To his great surprise, she informed him that she didn't want the letter. She had already known the news that was in the letter. The girl explained that because of the high postage cost, her dear friend coded the message in the address. The girl needed only to look at the address to understand the message. Then she gave the letter to the postman without paying for it. Rowland Hill was astonished at their inventive plan, but this incident gave him the idea that postage should be paid in advance.

Rowland Hill was a successful businessman who understood postal issues. In 1837 he presented the Post Office Reform Project to the government. He proposed to set up a single rate of one penny for a prepaid letter. According to the reform the sender had to buy a stamp for his letter for one penny.

Hill's Post Office Reform Project started in January 1840. A special competition for the first postage stamp was announced. There were a lot of proposals and designs. At

last it was decided to use a portrait of Queen Victoria painted when she was just a 15-year-old princess.

The penny stamp known as the Penny Black presents a portrait of Queen Victoria, who was Queen at that time. The image stands against a black background. It's called the Penny Black because it cost a penny, and it was black. Nowadays the Penny Black is not rare – 68 million of them were printed – but if you have one in excellent condition it could be worth 1000 pounds.

On May 7, 1840, Britain placed on sale a second stamp, the Two-Penny Blue. Nowadays the United Kingdom is the only country that doesn't have its name on its stamp, usually they have only the monarch's head. The first person other than royalty to appear on a British stamp was William Shakespeare in 1964.

A8 Before 1840 the postal cost depended on the distance the letter had covered.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

A9 Rowland Hill had to use the postal services regularly.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

A10 Rowland Hill saw that the girl paid the postman for a letter from her friend.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

A11 The girl and her friend used a special code to communicate with each other.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

A12 The British government rejected Rowland Hill's idea for reform.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

A13 It was Rowland Hill's idea to put the image of the Queen on the stamp.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

A14 The first stamp got its name due to its price and colour.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

A15 The official name of the country is printed on every British stamp.

1. True
2. False
3. Not stated

В. ЯЗЫКОВОЙ МАТЕРИАЛ

Задание 1

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами В1–В9 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Запишите получившиеся слова в бланк ответа. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию В1–В9.

- В1** The house was large and gloomy. Neither I nor my brother, Tom, was sure we wanted to live in it. But our parents liked it because it was much _____ to the airport that our former flat. **CLOSE**
- В2** Yes, our dad worked in the airport as an air-traffic controller and it used to take _____ ages to get to his work from the center of the city. **HE**
- В3** Moving house was not an easy thing for our family, but mum said that we _____ used to our new home very soon. **GET**
- В4** While mum and dad _____ the numerous boxes on the ground floor, we decided to explore the house. We started with the attic. **UNPACK**
- В5** It was hot on the attic and it smelled of dust. No wonder – everything there _____ with a thick layer of dust. **COVER**
- В6** The sun hardly reached through the small smoky window and it _____ the attic look mysterious. **MAKE**
- В7** There _____ lots of old books and newspapers on the floor, and a few pieces of broken furniture. **BE**
- В8** Here and there we could see spider webs and there were probably _____ there too. **MOUSE**
- В9** Both Tom and I felt a little bit scared but we _____ to admit it to each other. “Look here”, Tom pointed to some object in the corner. It was an old grand piano. It looked shiny and there was no dust on it... **NOT/WANT**

Задание 2

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами В10–В15 так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Запишите получившиеся слова в бланк ответа. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию В10–В15.

Environmental Protection

- | | | |
|------------|--|-----------|
| B10 | Nowadays more and more people are worried about our environment. Journalists discuss these problems on the pages of their newspapers. Scientists hold special conferences in order to find a solution and make the right _____ how to help our planet. | DECIDE |
| B11 | If we want to continue living happily on our planet, we should understand the _____ of environmental protection. | IMPORTANT |
| B12 | First of all, we ought to find an opportunity to reduce the amount of air pollution and build special water _____ facilities. | TREAT |
| B13 | We must also stop _____ killing of birds and animals and we should not destroy their natural habitats in order to build homes or to make farmlands. | LAWFUL |
| B14 | Finally, we must ensure the safety of nuclear power plants as nuclear accidents have _____ consequences. | DISASTER |
| B15 | If we do not take any action now, the life on our planet may end _____. | TRAGIC |

C. ПИСЬМО

На выполнение этого задания отводится 30 минут.

Напишите развернутое высказывание на тему вашей будущей профессии. Объем работы 100-200 слов. Не забудьте отразить в вашем высказывании следующие вопросы:

1. Have you made your choice to continue your education? / Сделали ли Вы уже выбор в вопросе продолжения образования?
2. Which subjects are you going to concentrate on? / На каких предметах Вы собираетесь сконцентрировать свое внимание?
3. Are you going to attend extra English courses? / Собираетесь ли Вы посещать дополнительные курсы по английскому языку?